ALL ANALYSIS BASED ON DATA FROM 1 OUT OF 1 DISTRICTS

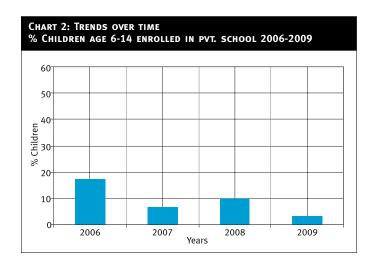


#### SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND OUT OF SCHOOL CHILDREN

TABLE 1: % CHILDREN SCHOOLS 2009	% Out of school	Total			
Age group	Govt.	Pvt.	Other	Not in School	iotat
AGE: 6 -14 ALL	93.6	3.5	0.9	2.1	100
AGE: 7-16 ALL	91.7	3.6	0.9	3.9	100
AGE: 7-10 ALL	94.9	4.0	0.9	0.2	100
AGE: 7-10 BOYS	93.5	4.4	1.8	0.4	100
AGE: 7-10 GIRLS	96.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	100
AGE: 11-14 ALL	91.6	3.4	0.7	4.3	100
AGE: 11-14 BOYS	92.4	4.6	1.3	1.7	100
AGE: 11-14 GIRLS	91.0	1.1	0.0	7.9	100
AGE: 15-16 ALL	83.7	3.0	1.2	12.1	100
AGE: 15-16 BOYS	88.0	1.1	1.1	9.8	100
AGE: 15-16 GIRLS	78.4	5.4	1.4	14.9	100

 $\ensuremath{\text{NOTE}}$  :  $\ensuremath{\text{'OTHER'}}$  includes chidren going to madarssa and EGS.

'NOT IN SCHOOL' = dropped out + never enrolled.



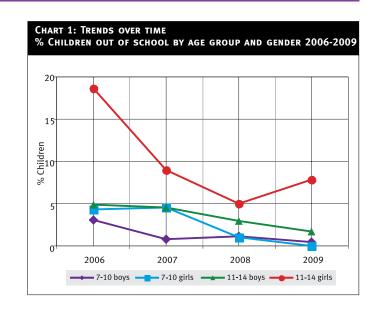
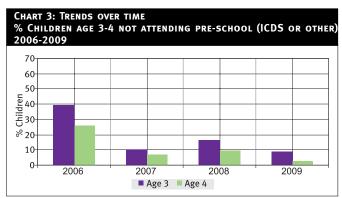


TABLE 2: SAMPLE DESCRIPTION % CHILDREN IN EACH CLASS BY AGE 2009													
STD.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total
1	35.0	59.0	6.0					0.0					100
II	1.0	16.2	55.6	24.2				3.	0				100
Ш	0	.8	13.1	62.3	20.0				3.9				100
IV		2.0		13.4	56.7	17.5	5.2		5	.2			100
V		0	.7		7.4	66.9	14.2	6.8		4.1			100
VI			2.7		8.2 47.3 32.7 2.7 3.6 2.7						100		
VII			3	.5	5 54.8 23.5 12.2 6.1						100		
VIII			4	4.8				12.6	55.3	22.3	4	.9	100

How to read the table: In Std III, 95.4% (13.1+62.3+20.0) children are in age group 7 to 9.

### YOUNG CHILDREN IN PRE-SCHOOL AND SCHOOL

	TABLE 3: % CHILDREN WHO ATTEND DIFFERENT TYPES OF PRE-SCHOOL & SCHOOL 2009											
	In School		In balwadi	ol	Not going anywhere	Total						
	or anganwadi	In LKG/ UKG	Govt.	Not g anyw	은							
AGE 3	89.5	1.3				9.2	100					
AGE 4	94.6	2.7				2.7	100					
AGE 5	29.0	4.8	54.8	8.1	1.6	1.6	100					
AGE 6	2.6	0.0	94.8	1.3	1.3	0.0	100					



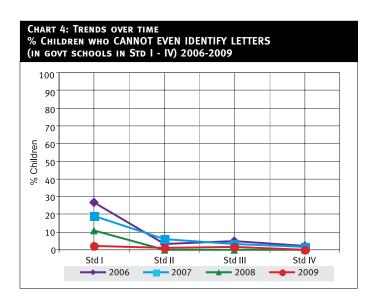
Of the villages visited, Anganwadi/Pre-School presence has been recorded in 100 % villages.

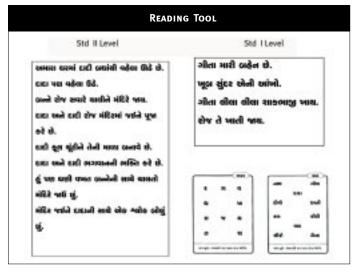


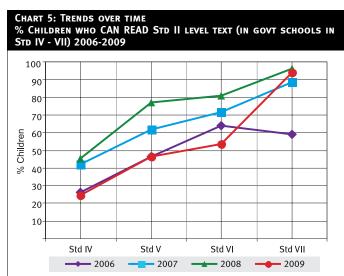
#### READING IN OWN LANGUAGE

TABLE 4: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN WHO CAN READ (ALL SCHOOLS) 2009										
STD.	Nothing	Letter	Word	Level 1 (STD 1 Text)	Level 2 (STD 2 Text)	Total				
1	2.1	84.5	9.3	4.1	0.0	100				
II	1.0	23.2	54.6	19.2	2.0	100				
III	1.6	5.4	32.6	50.4	10.1	100				
IV	0.0	4.2	11.5	59.4	25.0	100				
V	0.0	2.0	0.7	50.0	47.3	100				
VI	0.0	0.0	1.8	43.6	54.6	100				
VII	0.0	0.0	0.9	6.1	93.0	100				
VIII	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.7	91.3	100				
TOTAL	0.6	13.3	13.4	31.6	41.3	100				

NOTE: Each cell shows the highest level of reading achieved by a child. Thus a child who can read Std II level text can read letters, words, and Std 1 level text.







### READING AND COMPREHENSION IN ENGLISH

TABLE 5: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN WHO CAN READ ENGLISH (ALL SCHOOLS) 2009											
STD.	read		small	simple	Can read easy sentences						
I	75.3	22.6	0.0	1.1	1.1	100					
II	47.8	43.5	7.6	1.1	0.0	100					
Ш	11.9	52.4	13.5	17.5	4.8	100					
IV	4.2	27.4	20.0	39.0	9.5	100					
٧	0.0	30.6	11.8	38.2	19.4	100					
VI	0.0	14.6	6.4	47.3	31.8	100					
VII	0.0	5.2	1.7	33.9	59.1	100					
VIII	0.0	4.0	1.0	29.7	65.4	100					
TOTAL	15.2	25.5	8.0	27.1	24.3	100					

TABLE 6: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN WHO COMPREHEND ENGLISH (ALL SCHOOLS) 2009											
STD.	can read words, % who can tell	Of those who can read sentences, % who can tell meaning of the sentences									
1	No data	100.0									
II	No	data									
III	66.7	100.0									
IV	80.8	100.0									
٧	75.6	100.0									
VI	83.3	97.0									
VII	89.7	93.2									
VIII	95.8	94.8									
TOTAL	82.0	95.6									

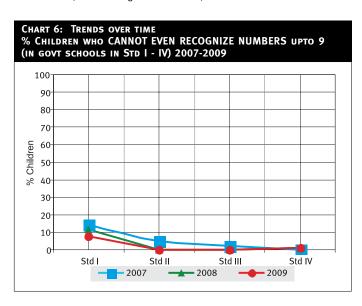
ENGLISH TOOL											
ENGLISH TEST Sample (1)											
°A	J	Q	* h	p	x						
B	<b>t</b> ]	E	u		n						
Y	${\bf N}$	o	d	g	t						
cat	44,1144	red	@ What i	your i							
	cup		This is	a small	bag.						
lip		pig	I like t	o read.							
	bus		I have	a moth	er.						
TATE SECTION STATES			ALC DO								

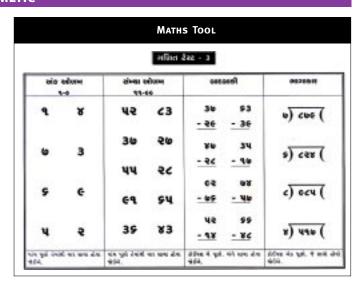


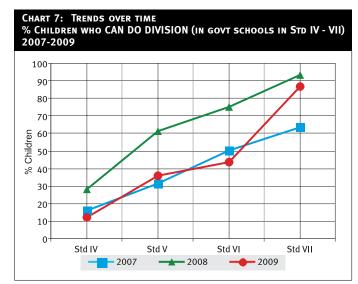
#### **ARITHMETIC**

	TABLE 7: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN WHO CAN DO ARITHMETIC (ALL SCHOOLS) 2009											
STD.	Nothing	Recognize	Numbers	Subtract	Divide	Total						
JID.	Hotmis	1-9	11-99	Subtract	Divide	Totat						
1	7.2	82.5	7.2	2.1	1.0	100						
II	0.0	42.9	50.0	7.1	0.0	100						
Ш	0.0	10.9	51.6	31.3	6.3	100						
IV	1.1	4.4	14.1	67.4	13.0	100						
V	0.0	0.7	8.2	54.1	37.0	100						
VI	0.0	0.0	5.5	49.1	45.5	100						
VII	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	86.1	100						
VIII	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.8	92.2	100						
TOTAL	0.9	15.9	17.2	30.2	35.9	100						

NOTE: Each cell shows the highest level of arithmetic achieved by a child. Thus a child who can do division, can also recognize numbers 1-9, 11-99 and do subtraction.







#### **TUITION**

TABLE 8: CLASS-WISE % CHILDREN ATTENDING TUITION CLASSES. BY SCHOOL TYPE 2007 AND 2009											
Year	School	I	II	III	IV	٧	VI	VII	VIII		
2007	Govt	8.6	8.1	3.2	10.0	9.9	8.3	6.3	10.1		
2007	Pvt.	76.5	66.7	80.0	57.1	36.4	0.0	83.3	50.0		
2009	Govt	3.3	3.4	9.1	11.1	12.0	8.5	26.1	5.2		
2009	Pvt.	75.0	40.0	100.0	33.3	100.0	75.0	100.0	66.7		

NOTE: The ASER survey in 2007 and 2009 recorded information about tuition. In both years, the question asked was the following: "Does the child take any paid additional class currently?" Therefore, these numbers do not include any supplemental help in learning that children may have received from parents or siblings or from anyone else that did not require payment.





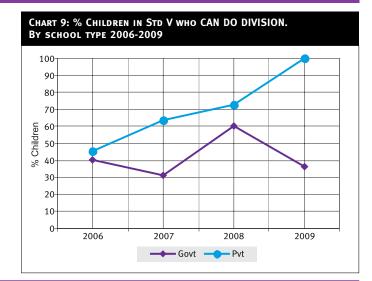
#### LEARNING LEVELS IN GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS: TRENDS OVER TIME

CHART 8: % CHILDREN IN STD III WHO CAN AT LEAST READ STD I
LEVEL TEXT. BY SCHOOL TYPE 2006-2009

2007

2008

Govt Pvt



### LEARNING LEVELS BY GENDER: TRENDS OVER TIME

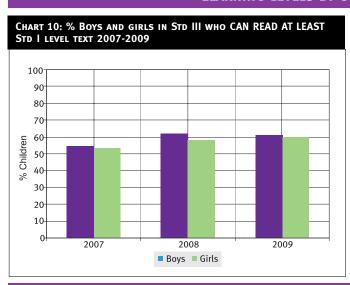


TABLE 9: FATHERS AND CHILDREN 2009



#### **EDUCATION: FATHERS AND CHILDREN**

			(	Of these father	rs:	
Fathers' Education	% Fathers	% Girls 6 to 14 out of school	% Children (Std III-V) who can read level 1 (Std 1 Text) or more	% Children (Std III-V) who can do subtraction or more	% Children (Std III-V) who can read words or more in English	attending
No Schooling	32.1	7.4	80.8	68.4	38.1	3.8
STD I-V	22.0	2.2	73.8	63.9	33.3	5.5
STD VI-VIII	15.1	3.1	80.7	68.3	35.6	12.8
STD IX-X	18.5	0.0	90.0	75.0	56.9	17.6
ABOVE STD X	12.4	0.0	85.7	78.6	65.9	61.2

 ${\tt NOTE: ASER\,2009\,recorded\,information\,about\,mothers'\,education.\,Similar\,analyses\,can\,be\,done\,with\,mothers\,and\,children.}$ 

NOTE: 8 primary and 15 upper primary schools were visited in 2009. School data available on request.

